



GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF CUSTOMS VALUATION
CUSTOM HOUSE, KARACHI

The Collectors of Customs, Model Customs Collectorates, Appraisalment & Facilitation (East / West) / Port Muhammad Bin Qasim / JIAP, Karachi (Appraisalment & Facilitation / Enforcement & Compliance), AIA Lahore / Sambrial (Sialkot) / Faisalabad / Multan / Islamabad / Hyderabad / Quetta (Appraisalment / Preventive) / Peshawar (Appraisalment & Facilitation/ Enforcement & Compliance) / Gwadar / Gilgit-Baltistan / Export (Karachi / Port Qasim)

DETERMINATION OF CUSTOMS VALUES OF COMPUTER USB CABLE, COMPUTER VGA CABLE, COMPUTER POWER CABLE, COMPUTER CABLE CAT-5/ CAT-6 AND NETWORKING CABLE FIBRE OPTIC PCTS (8544.4210, 8544.4990 & 8544.7000) UNDER SECTION 25-A OF THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1969

(VALUATION RULING NO. 1523/2021)

C. No. Misc/31/2013/VII / 243

Dated: 25-03-2021

In exercise of the powers conferred under Section 25-A of the Customs Act, 1969, the Customs values of Computer USB Cable, Computer VGA Cable, Computer Power Cable, Computer Cable CAT-5/ CAT-6 And Networking Cable Fiber Optic (8544.4210, 8544.4990 & 8544.7000) are determined as follows: -

2. Background of the valuation issue: Earlier the customs values of Computer USB Cable, Computer VGA Cable, Computer Power Cable, Computer Cable CAT-5/ CAT-6 and Networking Cable Fiber Optic were determined under Section 25A of the Customs Act, 1969 vide Valuation Ruling No.1208/2017 dated 15-09-2017. The Valuation Ruling was around three years old and the values of subject goods in the international markets were showing varying trends. Moreover, some more brands had been introduced in market which needed to be included in Valuation Ruling for determination of customs values. Therefore, keeping in view the above facts, an exercise was undertaken by the Directorate General of Customs Valuation to determine the Customs Values of subject goods in terms of Section 25-A of Customs Act, 1969.

3. Stakeholders' participation in determination of values: Meetings were scheduled and held on 22-12-2020 and 24-02-2021, which were attended by different stakeholders. The participants were requested to submit following documents before or during the course of meeting so that customs values could be determined: -

- i. Invoices of imports during last three months showing customs value.
- ii. Websites, names and E-mail addresses of known foreign manufacturers of the item in question through which the actual current value can be ascertained.

- iii. Copies of Contracts made / LCs opened during the last three months showing the value of item in question.
- iv. Copies of Sales Tax Invoices issued during the last four months showing the difference in price (excluding duty and taxes) to substantiate their contentions.

During the meetings, stakeholders stated that the existing valuation ruling was more than three years old, however, the prices trend of goods have changed in the international market and did not reflect the actual transaction values of the imported goods. The new and latest brands are introduced in the market during that period were also discussed. The importers although contended that their declared values were true transaction values, however, they did not produce substantial documents to prove their contentions.

4. Method adopted to determine Customs values: Valuation methods provided in Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969, were duly applied in their regular sequential order to arrive at customs values of subject goods. The transaction value method as provided in Sub-Section (1) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969, was found inapplicable because requisite information was not available as per law. The wide variation of values displayed in the import data as available on record also strengthened the aforementioned fact. Hence requisite information under law was not available to arrive at the transaction value. Therefore, identical / similar goods value methods as provided in Sub-Sections (5) & (6) of Section 25 *ibid* were examined for applicability to the valuation issue in the instant case. The same provided some reference values but could not be exclusively and solely relied upon. In line with the statutory sequential order of Section 25, this office conducted market inquiries for (Deductive Value Method) under Sub-Section (7) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969 which was found appropriate and was applied to arrive at assessable customs values of the subject goods.

5. Customs values for Computer USB Cable, Computer VGA Cable, Computer Power Cable, Computer Cable CAT-5/ CAT-6 And Networking Cable Fiber Optic - hereinafter specified shall be assessed to duty/ taxes on the minimum Custom values given against them in the Table below: -

Sr. No.	Description of goods/ items:	PCT	Proposed PCT for WeBOC	Origin	Customs Values (US\$/Kg)	
					Cat-A	Cat-B
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Computer USB Cable	8544.4210	8544.4210.1000	China	4.09	2.81
			8544.4210.2000	Other Origins	5.46	3.75
2	Computer VGA Cable		8544.4210.3000	China	4.55	3.13
			8544.4210.4000	Other Origins	5.92	4.06

3	Computer Power Cable		8544.4210.5000	China	4.19	2.88
			8544.4210.6000	Other Origins	5.46	3.75
4	Computer Cable 4 pair Cat-5/ Cat-6	8544.4990	8544.4990.1000	China	4.73	3.13
			8544.4990.3000	Other Origins	5.92	4.93
5	Networking Cable Fibre Optic	8544.7000	8544.7000.1000	China	5.55	3.81
			8544.7000.3000	Other Origins	6.76	4.50
Category-A: Schneider/ 3M/ Molex/ Panduit/ Commscope / Corning / Excel / Vivanco						
Category-B: MicroLink/ SNL/ Qcable/ HNH/ Lunar/ Linknet/ D-Link/ MTLINK/ ABLINK/ Black Copper/ Skynet/ Infolink/ Netlink/ Baynet/ Linkcom/ Contech/ Contech Solution/ Astrx/ Tp/ Wisi/ Infinix/ Vellygood/ Hikvision/ Lifan/ Ubiquiti/ Litech and similar other brands						

6. In cases where declared / transaction values are higher than the Customs values determined in this Ruling or higher evidential data is available of stipulated period of 90 days, the assessing officer shall apply those values in terms of Sub-Section 25(1) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969. In case of consignments imported by air, the assessing officer shall take into account the differential between air freight and sea freight while applying the Customs values determined in this Ruling.

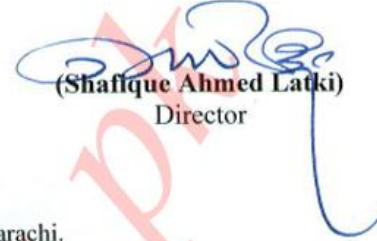
Validity of this Valuation Ruling: The value determined vide this Ruling shall be the applicable Customs value for assessment of subject imported goods until and unless it is rescinded or revised by the competent authority in terms of Sub-Sections (1) or (3) of Section 25-A of the Customs Act, 1969.

8. Review of the value determined vide this Valuation Ruling: A review petition may be filed against this Ruling, as provided under Section 25-D of the Customs Act, 1969, within 30 days from the date of issue, before the Director General, Directorate General of Customs Valuation, 7th Floor, Custom House, Karachi.

9. The Collectors of Customs may kindly ensure that the values given in the Ruling for the given description of goods are applied by the concerned staff without fail. Any anomaly observed may kindly be brought to the notice of Directorate General immediately. The Customs values determined in the Valuation Ruling are for the descriptions and specifications as mentioned herein. HS Codes are mentioned for illustrative purposes so that Valuation Ruling values are made accessible to assessing officers. The assessment shall be finalized in the correct classifications after fulfilling requisite formalities relating to importability or other certifications required thereon. In addition to

this it is further necessary to verify that there is no mis-declaration of any sort or violation of Import Policy Order or Section of the Customs Act, 1969 or any other law in vogue therein.

10. This ruling supersedes the Valuation Ruling No. 1208/2017 dated 15-09-2017.


(Shafique Ahmed Latki)
Director

Copy for information to:

1. The Member (Customs, Operations), F.B.R., Islamabad.
2. The Director General, Customs Valuation, Custom House, Karachi.
3. The Chief Collector of Customs, South (Appraisalment & Facilitation), Custom House, Karachi.
4. The Chief Collector of Customs, South (Enforcement & Compliance), Custom House, Karachi.
5. The Chief Collector of Customs (Central), Lahore.
6. The Chief Collector of Customs (North), Islamabad.
7. The Chief Collector of Customs, (Enforcement & Compliance), Custom House, Quetta.
8. The Director General, Intelligence and Investigation-FBR, Islamabad.
9. The Director General, PCA& Internal Audit, Karachi.
10. The Director General, IOCO, Karachi
11. The Directors, Intelligence & Investigation, Karachi / Lahore / Islamabad/ Quetta/ Peshawar/ Faisalabad.
12. The Director, Directorate of Customs Valuation, Lahore.
13. The Deputy Director (HQ), Directorate General of Customs Valuation, Karachi, for uploading in One Customs & WeBOC database system.
14. The Chairman (Valuation Committee), FPCC&I, Federation House, Clifton, Karachi.
15. The Chambers of Commerce & Industry, Karachi, Lahore, Islamabad, Hyderabad, Quetta & Peshawar.
16. The Karachi Customs Agents Group, Bohri Road, Karachi.
17. The Webmaster, Federal Board of Revenue, Islamabad.
18. Guard File.