GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF CUSTOMS VALUATION
CUSTOM HOUSE KARACHI

******
The Collectors of Customs, Model Customs Collectorates, Appraisement (East / West) / Port Qasim / Preventive, Karachi / Lahore (Appraisement / Preventive) / Sambrial (Sialkot) / Faisalabad / Multan / Islamabad / Hyderabad / Quetta / Peshawar/ Gwadar/ Gilgit-Baltistan

Determination of Customs Values of Aluminium Composite Panels Under Section 25-A

of the Customs Act, 1969

(VALUATION RULING NO. 49/2016)


In exercise of the powers conferred under Section 25-A of the Customs Act, 1969, Customs values of Aluminium Composite Panels, are determined as follows:

2. Background of the valuation issue: Customs values of Aluminium Composite Panels were determined and notified vide Valuation Ruling No. 250/2010 dated 28-04-2010. Being over five years old, an exercise was undertaken by this Directorate General to revise the same according to trends prevailing in the current international market.

3. Stakeholders’ participation in determination of Customs values: A meeting for the determination of customs values of Aluminium Composite Panels with stakeholders was scheduled on 09-08-2016. All the participants had been requested to submit the following documents so that correct customs values could be determined:

   i) Invoices of imports during last three months showing factual value.
   ii) Websites, names and E-mail addresses of known foreign manufacturers of the item in question through which the actual current value can be ascertained.
   iii) Copies of Contracts made / LCs opened during the last three months showing the value of item in question.
   iv) Copies of Sales Tax Invoices issued during last four months showing the difference in price (excluding duty and taxes) to substantiate that the benefit of difference in price is passed on to the local buyers.

4. The requisite documents were not submitted by any stakeholders and no one appeared for the stakeholders’ meeting.

5. Method adopted to determine Customs values: Valuation methods provided under Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969 were followed. Transaction value method provided in Section 25 (1) was found inapplicable because the requisite information was not available. Identical / similar goods value Methods provided in Section 25(5) & (6) were examined for applicability to the valuation issue in the instant case which provided some reference values of the subject goods but the same could not be exclusively relied upon due to wide variation in declared values of subject goods. Deductive Value Method as envisaged under Section 25(7) of the Customs Act, 1969, was examined and local market enquiry was conducted to obtain market selling prices of the said goods. Different markets were surveyed for the purpose. The values were worked out by applying the methodology under Section 25(8) of the Customs Act, 1969, after taking LME and SCAN prices of the two main constituent materials, i.e., aluminum and Polyethylene respectively with value addition on account of conversion costs and freight but since the accurate costs of conversion and profit margins in the country of exportation were not available, computed value method as provided in Section 25(8) could not be exclusively applied for valuation of the aforesaid goods. Online values were also checked. After evaluating and analyzing the information so gathered, reliance was
placed on Section 25(9) of the Customs Act, 1969, and customs values were determined accordingly.

6. **Customs values for Aluminium Composite Panels**: Aluminium Composite Panels *hereinafter specified* shall be assessed to duty / taxes at the following Customs Values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description of goods</th>
<th>PCT</th>
<th>Proposed PCT for WEBOC</th>
<th>Origin</th>
<th>Customs Values (C&amp;F) USS / Kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Aluminium Composite Panels</td>
<td>7606.1100</td>
<td>7606.1000.1000 7606.1200.1000</td>
<td>China</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>7606.1200</td>
<td>7606.1100.1100 7606.1200.1100</td>
<td>U.A.E. / Korea</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. In cases where declared/ transaction values are higher than the Customs values determined in this Ruling, the assessing officers shall apply those values in terms of Sub-Section (1) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969. In case of consignments imported by air, the assessing officer shall take into account the differential between air freight and sea freight while applying the Customs values determined in this Ruling.

8. **Validity of this Valuation Ruling**: The values determined vide this Ruling shall be the applicable Customs value for assessment of subject imported goods until and unless it is rescinded or revised by the competent authority in terms of Sub-Sections (1) or (3) of Section 25-A of the Customs Act, 1969.

9. **Revision of the value determined vide this Valuation Ruling**: A revision petition may be filed against this Ruling, as provided under Section 25-D of the Customs Act, 1969, within 30 days from the date of issue of this ruling, before the Director General, Directorate General of Customs Valuation, 7th Floor, Custom House, Karachi.

10. The Collectors of Customs may kindly ensure that the values given in the Ruling for the given description of goods are applied by the concerned staff without fail. Any anomaly observed may kindly be brought to the notice of Directorate General immediately. Customs values determined in the ruling are for the description and specification as mentioned herein.


( Dr. Wasif Ali Memon  
Director)

Copy for information to:
1. Member (Customs), F.B.R., Islamabad.
2. Director General, Customs Valuation, Custom House, Karachi.
3. Chief Collector of Customs, South (Appraiser), Custom House, Karachi.
4. Chief Collector of Customs, South (Enforcement), Custom House, Karachi.